

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1835.

FOR PRESIDENT,
MARTIN VAN BUREN.
 FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
RICHARD M. JOHNSON.

For the Boston Morning Post.

Remedies for the evils of our banking and currency systems—the experiment and national bank. The political course of the whigs, in advocating the latter, as suicidal as their economic policy is ruinous to the people at large. The cries of “stop thief” and “fire,” not sufficient to prevent the defeat and disgrace of the log rolling parties.

Mr. Editor.—From our last it will be seen that the principles and policy which the whig party was formed expressly to sustain, and which has been condemned by a vast majority of the people of the United States, in a voice of thunder, whose echoes have not yet died away, are now publicly confessed by one of the leaders of that party here, to be erroneous, inexpedient, and unconstitutional. Instead of sanctioning Webster's protest against that bung—metallic currency—Mr. A. H. Everett calls upon the people to have good sense, firmness and virtue enough to strike at the root of the evils of our banking and currency systems, by placing the business of the country on the only solid basis of a metallic currency. What a biting sarcasm on the talents and honesty of his political friends! Instead of echoing Webster's protest against a war cry of the poor against the rich, he tells “the cultivators, the members of the learned professions, the mechanics, and even the traders on limited capital,” that the advantages of the present system are reaped almost exclusively by **WEALTHY MERCHANTS, at the expense of the people at large.** Instead of assenting to Webster's denunciations of the objections against banks, as prejudicial, he means by this little men occasionally become great, he urges these objections himself, as being well founded, and deserving of more attention; and maintains that the organization of the system is wrong, whether viewed as an economical, a political and social, or a constitutional question. Instead of ridiculing that part of the “Experiment” which still remains to be carried through, he stands forward to recommend the suppression of all notes under \$20, in order that “actual currency may consist, as it ought to do, of specie.” Instead of upholding the National Bank as the proper or constitutional means of regulating the trade of banking and the currency of the country, as Webster has done to the last, he confesses, what has so often been asserted by the Jackson party, that “the federal government has no more right to invest any institution or agency of its own creation, with the power of regulating the currency, than to invest it with that of declaring war or making appointments.” Instead of declaring the ridiculous doctrine of Gallatin, that the substitution of 80 millions paper, and 20 millions specie for 100 millions metallic currency, is a saving of 3 millions per annum to the “nation,” he expressly declares that this substitution is in effect an annuity of 3 millions, **gratuitously** given by the “nation” to **FAVORABLE TRADING CORPORATIONS**, composed almost exclusively of wealthy men, without securing any equivalent in return, but, on the contrary, occasioning a burdensome tax on the nation, who suffer constant and most disastrous fluctuations in the currency as the penalty for having employed incapable public servants, and for having, in an evil hour, consented to such a substitution. Instead of praising the authors of that policy which his party was formed for the express purpose of sustaining, he confesses that they had been entrapped into unwise concessions.

For this conversion of one of their ablest leaders, the great Whigs must thank their own stupid course. The Panic, (called by Mr. E. the *delirium tremens* of bank drunkenness), which they thought would subdue the firmness and virtue of that portion of the people, whose good sense could not be gulled by sophistry, nor bribed into the unwise concessions, into which they vainly thought to entrap them, has been the cause of the conversion of their own men to the views taken by Gen. Jackson.

Now, what can we Democrats think of the political tact and vaunted capacity, as well as the political soundness and honesty of those ambitious men in the opposition, who are not only carrying on a war (as we have ever believed, and as our opponents now confess) against our Constitution—advocating a system of law, directly at variance with the Constitution, entirely inconsistent with the fundamental principles of all our institutions, opposed to the loudly-expressed and oft-repeated will of the nation, and as inexpedient in itself as it is unconstitutional—but are also adopting such a stupid course in politics, as to convert some of their leading men to the principles and views of their opponents? What can we think of the talents and practical usefulness of their great and god-like men, who take such a mad course, that their own party begin to pause and reflect; and after reflection, to deny the positions of the “great expounder of the Constitution,” to call on the party to stop in the career which they were expressly organized to persevere in, and to beg the dear people to have good sense, firmness and virtue enough to adopt the derided HUMB—metallic currency? “Your whole system is wrong,” cries Mr. Everett, “in both its branches, state and national. Your state government has violated the state constitution in its laws respecting **BANKING**; and your national government has violated the Constitution of the United States, in its laws respecting the regulation of the **CURRENCY**. Your state government has no right to violate equal rights and grant exclusive privileges; and your national government has no more right to invest the bank with the power of regulating the currency, than with that of declaring war or making appointments. The ground is quaking under you at every step; pause and give the subject the attention it deserves. The policy which you have been sustaining, is inexpedient and unconstitutional. Let us make different laws, and by adopting a new policy, effect a return to the **CONSTITUTION.**” “Constitution and laws,” shouted a brother Whig—“re-charter the bank, and down with the levellers and radicals who talk of exclusive privileges.” “They are entirely inconsistent with the great principle of morality, which lies at the bottom of all your institutions,” says Mr. E. “Principles, not men,” shouts the Whig. “No radicals. Equality! Do you suppose we will allow a d—d Irishman to have an equal vote, or equal privileges with ourselves, when we have so much money at stake? No—we want exclusive privileges. Webster is our man. Property ought to be the basis of political power.” “But the political bearing of this policy would be worth consideration,” says Mr. Everett. “If property were made the basis of political powers, the rich could get into power without danger of removal, and permanently secure these gratuitous bounties **AT THE EXPENSE of the people at large.**” answers the genuine Whig. “Talk of exclusive privileges—unconstitutionality—wealthy merchants—equality, cultivators, mechanics, and all that! Why this is the mere echo of General Jackson's Bank Veto Message. After being routed at every election, are we to confess that he was right? Are we to give in and humble our great expounders of the Constitution? After having opposed Jackson from principle, are we to allow that every act of Congress, which attempts by grants of monopolies, or sales of exclusive privileges for a limited time, or a time without limit, to restrict or extinguish its own discretion in the choice of means to execute its delegated powers, is equivalent to an amendment to the constitution, and palpably unconstitutional,” as General Jackson asserted in his message? or that

“It is to be regretted that the rich and powerful too often bend the acts of government to their own selfish purposes? Distinctions in society,” said Jackson in the

same message, “always exists under every just government. Equality of talents, of education, or of wealth cannot be produced by human institutions. In the full enjoyment of the gifts of Heaven, and the fruits of superior industry, economy and virtue, every man is equally entitled to protection by law. But when the laws undertake to add to these natural and just advantages, artificial distinctions; to grant titles, gratuities and exclusive privileges, to make the rich, richer, and the potent more powerful, the humble members of society, the farmers, mechanics and laborers, who have neither the time nor the means to secure like favors to themselves, have a right to complain of the injustice of their government.” Shall we allow Mr. Everett to echo these sentiments and proclaim that “the present system reverses what might appear to be the natural principle of distribution, and adopt the maxim that to him who hath much shall be given?” Now, whatever Jackson and his Kitchen Cabinet say, argues the Whig, must be wrong; and whatever Webster says, must, in an intelligent community so entirely opposed on principle as ours, to MAN-VOISURSHIP, be allowed to be correct. He condemned that message; he is our man, for he protests against these appeals of the poor against the rich, well knowing that the poor look on property as prey and being naturally clamorous for the plunder of property, are at all times ready for violence. Besides, we want the legislature to construe the constitution so as to shower on these grantees on people of prosperity, no matter how much the people at large are burdened—not having property, they should have no voice, or they will plunder the rich. Property, therefore, should be the basis of political powers, in order to take away from people without property all legal powers to protect their rights and interests and make a government fit for a gentleman to live under. Webster is liberal and adopts that broad construction of the constitution, which enables Congress to shower its legislative patronage on us, as well as on the manufacturers and owner of internal lands. He will turn the U. S. Treasury into a mere machine, by the filling and emptying of which, the legislature will patronize and build up our pecuniary interests; and while he does this, he will not fail to shout as lustily as ever “Executive Patronage.” The political bearing of this policy, say you? that is the beauty of it.

Such is the reasoning of those who have opposed Jackson solely for political purposes. While they have been striving to undermine the constitution and upset the fundamental principles of American institutions, the Whigs, embracing all the factions that entertain feelings of deadly enmity to the Union and the Constitution, have been crying “stop thief!” to call off the attention of the people from the effects of their policy, and when this failed, screaming “fire!” as if such barefaced conduct could save them from detection and defeat. “Blanks, paper and twine” shout the Whigs; while blank paper (or what is notoriously equivalent) is turned into the National shaving mill and comes out a credit currency receivable in payment of all dues to the U. States—and all a fair business transaction. “Executive Patronage” they cry; when their whole policy has been to usurp for Congress a legislative patronage, in the distribution of which is adopted the maxim that to him that hath much shall be given, which draws to the Whig standard all who wish to be made rich by acts of Congress, and the operation of which is such, that deluded men eager to scramble for it forget the principle of Equal Rights which lies at the bottom of our Institutions. But they have been condemned and defeated. The old line of party is drawn again; and thousands are deserting their standard, firmly convinced of the inexpediency and unconstitutionality of their policy.

EQUAL LAWS TO SECURE TO ALL EQUAL RIGHTS.

Blackguardism.—If ever there was a more perfect specimen of mean, dirty, contemptible, blackguardism, published in the columns of a newspaper, than the following extract which appeared in the *Courier* on Thursday, it has escaped our observation:—

“Extract from a letter published in the Newark Daily Advertiser—‘I am sorry to say that the reputation of the Kitchen Cabinet stands much worse than was ever anticipated. Gambling, it appears, not gambling in which men are the instruments and power the stake, but where cards are used, and money constitutes the bait, is actually carried on in the Kitchen of the Executive mansion to such an extent, that the police officers have once or twice violated the sanctity of the place, and made forcible entry for the purpose of detecting the offenders. It is by no means impossible that the records of our court may exhibit the fact of an indictment being tried, in which the people will figure as plaintiff, and Andrew Jackson as defendant, on a charge of suffering gambling to be carried on in his house, to the great injury of the public morals, and in violation of the statute in that case made and provided. Such an indictment would read strangely at a moment when General Jackson has issued a circular requiring of his clerks to lead moral and sober lives. I do not know who are the individuals that form the gambling department of the Kitchen Cabinet; but I am assured that the facts are as I have stated.’”

Such stuff is a disgrace to a civilized community—the villainous insinuations made by the correspondent of the Newark D. Advertiser, that the President of the United States is privy to a system of gambling in his own house, and that he suffers, protects, and joins in it, as this correspondent, and the reporters of his scandal would have the public believe, is as base as those calumnies which were long ago uttered against his innocent and unoffending family, and which have met the unqualified execration of every generous and intelligent mind in the Union. No honest and liberal American can read such attacks as the above upon the Chief Magistrate of his Nation, no matter to what party he may belong, without feeling the deepest abhorrence and disgust toward the debased and grovelling wretch who makes them—his author has no claims to the protection of those about him—he is baser than the brute—more poisonous than the reptile, and as loathsome to the sight as those beings of disgusting deformity which outraged nature occasionally sends into the world—an amalgamation of man and beast.

The Legislature of New Hampshire convened in Concord on Wednesday. Charles G. Atherton, Esq., of Dunstable, was elected Speaker of the House of Representatives, and Messrs Lane, of Sandbornton, and Freeze, of Deerfield, Clerks. In the Senate, Charles F. Gove, Esq., of Goffstown, was elected President, and Ira A. Eastman, of Gilmanton, and Asa Foster, of Concord, Clerks.

Death of Gen. Ripley.—We regret to announce (says the Portland Argus) the death of Gen. JAMES W. RIPLEY, late Collector of Customs for the district of Passamaquoddy. He died, as we learn, on Tuesday morning, 2d inst. at Fryeburg. As a citizen, Gen. Ripley was universally esteemed, and as a public officer he was faithful and popular.

Here it comes.—A writer in the Charleston Mercury, in addressing a Judge upon the circumstance of his having compelled a witness to kiss the Cross, upon taking the Oath, says, “I did not suppose that such prejudice or bigotry existed south of Massachusetts!”

Correction No. 2.—The Rail Road is open all the way to Providence, the Daily Advocate to the contrary notwithstanding.

“No Go,” Mr. Heier—“I can't slip out of the jacket which we so nicely fitted to your back, as easily as you imagine—you are the ‘beggars’—and a greater one never hobbled upon crutches. Did you not, with a long phiz and a nasal twang, the moment you turned your coat, beg from the Whigs a reward for your desertion of the Jackson party, in the shape of patronage for the *Gazette*, and jobs, from an Auctioneer's Catalogue down to a pack of Shop Cards? Did you not whiningly announce the directions to stop your paper in order to excite the sympathies of the Whigs, and beg then, to make up your loss, while, with a guttural chuckle, you acknowledged, aside, the force you were playing in talking about ‘a sacrifice for principle?’ Whoever heard the forced breath through your nostrils, like one blowing a fly out of his nose, but knew the solicitor was at hand?”

We are not surprised that you was so mortified at the sight of your own picture that you wrote another's name under it, but the likeness is too faithful to be mistaken. Your reply to our remarks confirms its truth. You wantonly assail a man who has been your partner for many years, a faithful and honorable one, as you have yourself declared, and maliciously and falsely attribute to him a disposition which would render any individual despicable, after hypocritically wishing him “success and happiness!”

Your fling about “the poor and destitute” comes with a peculiar ill-grace—we remember as generous and kind-hearted a fellow as ever breathed, one who was your most intimate friend and constant companion during that period of life when, if a man have one drop of warm blood in his heart he will feel its influence, who suddenly fell from affluence to poverty—was imprisoned for debt, and you, until after much persuasion and entreaty, refused even to sign a bail bond, whereby he might enjoy “the limits of the prison yard.” For shame! Shut thy mouth about “the poor and destitute.”

Mr Benjamin Dole has published a pamphlet entitled “An examination of Mr Rantoul's Report for abolishing capital punishment,” which is “fall of wrath and cabbage,” as the following extract will prove:—

“So far as I am capable of judging, I conceive this report the most base and slanderous report that I have ever read, coming from any committee that was ever raised by this State Legislature, or that of the United States, or any State in the Union. The report, instead of being printed, ought to have been kicked under the table, or burnt to ashes. Not only has the government of Massachusetts been slandered, but the whole nation. The committee have not only slandered the nation, the government, and the people—but their mouth and pen has been against the God of heaven and earth. If I understand them, they have aimed a deadly blow at divine revelation. And may the arm that is stretched forth to destroy, or bring into disrespect the sacred book, be dried up as was Jeroboam's at the altar at Bethel, when he cried out, ‘Saying, Lay hold on him.’ 1 Kings, xiii. 4.”

The whole pamphlet is the most biblically pugnacious affair that we ever read. Mr D., however, has the report on the hip in one point—he says it urges the abolishment of capital punishment on the score of *humanity*, and then recommends perpetual confinement as a substitute, because it is a greater punishment than death. The book is extremely personal and abusive.

Mr William Leighton, of Portsmouth, has invented and patented a new Thrashing Machine, which, when put in operation by a horse attended by two men, will do the work of twelve men, without any waste of the grain. Its simplicity is such that it can be built or repaired by most farmers at a small expense. The inventor is now ready to sell rights for states, counties or towns.

The Diorama.—The matchless Picture of the Departure of the Israelites has had to boast of upwards of Fourteen Thousand Visitors in this city, and, judging from the flattering encomiums in the New York papers, on Belshazzar's Feast, we have no doubt that Picture, when open here, will be equally attractive.

It is said, we know not upon what authority, that Mr Jones, who was recently detected in robbing the Baltimore Post Office, has obtained bail, and left the country for South America.

Mysterious.—The Commercial Gazette informs us that loaded trucks, in passing to East Boston on board the ferry-boats, “drive in at one end and out the other!”

The Lexington performed her passage from Providence to New York in eleven hours and fifty-nine minutes.

Execution.—Wm Gardner, of Northampton, convicted of murdering his wife, was hung at Warrenton, N. C., on Friday week.

An extensive Coining Establishment has recently been broken up near Newark, N. J.

The Potomac Aqueduct, which is being constructed of stone, crossing the river at Georgetown, 1350 feet, and thus connecting the Alexandria canal, 8 miles in length, with that of the Chesapeake and Ohio, is a work of great labor and magnitude, and excites much attention in that quarter. The water power which will be furnished by the Alexandria canal from its height above the river, will, it is thought by the Alexandria Gazette, be a source of great profit, and hopes are entertained, that Congress, who have already literally granted \$100,000 towards the work, will also erect a foundry and dry dock at Alexandria. This latter city calculates on a supply of pure water to the town from the canal.

Irish Laborers.—A gentleman in New Orleans, writing to a friend in this city relative to the shocking accident of the fall of the tavern, and the manner in which the inmates were being rescued, says—“It is supposed that there are still some persons under the ruins, and they are still clearing away with the hope to find them. The city authorities have acted with an apathy truly astonishing. What has been done is owing to the voluntary exertions of the Irish laborers, whose kindness of heart on like occasions is never at fault.”

Literary On Dits.—We understand that Mrs Elliot, the authoress of Teresa Contarini, and of many of the best articles on French and Italian poetry in Walsh's American Quarterly Review, has now a volume of original poems in the press in Philadelphia, and also the tragedy of Contarini in the press, is nearly ready for it, in New York.—N. Y. Herald.

We understand, says the United States Gazette, that a man was killed on the Columbia rail road on Sunday night, by coming carelessly in the way of a train of cars.

The Wheat Crop in certain districts of Virginia, will turn out poorly according to a correspondent of the National Intelligencer.

Commodore Hall, the ever-memorable captor of the Guerriere, is, it is said, shortly to resign his situation as commander at the Navy Yard, Washington

POLICE COURT.

John Davis had come to town in the morning, “and mating with a number of friends, took a glass more nor he ought to take,” so he said. Constable Holden added, that Johnny fell asleep in the Warren Theatre, from which he removed him into the fresh air, but the first use he made of his refreshed limbs was to give Holden a drubbing. Tom, who is generally a little shy of owning it, when he comes off second best, confessed—“I believe, I don't know, but I am a little inclined to think, and I rather guess I'm pretty certain, I should have had the worst of it, if one of the city watch hadn't come along just about that time.” John averred he had not tasted a drop for six months before, and addressing the Court, said—“If your honor will only go to Salem and ask my wife, I'll engage she'll say so.” Fine, \$2.00 and costs.

Mary Brady, a sandy haired, but shoeless lady, was discovered entertaining a party of three sailors, in a snug retreat, between some molasses casks on the wharf. She was drinking to their good health, and a lucky voyage, out of a decapitated bottle of rum. She raised an awful outcry, when they cruelly tore her away from her pleasant company, but the rambling motion of the handcart on the pavement, dissipated her sorrows, and lulled her into a sleep, from which she was only awakened by being launched on to the side-walk of the jail. She then begged hard, that the officers would not kill her, as she had “three small childer depending on her.” Case clear, and four months in the House of Correction.

Cornelius Freele had done no work for the six weeks last past, and had annoyed a neighbor, who kept a beer shop, by his unprofitable company. The shop-keeper “was willing to have his custom, if he would come sober.” He did not say whether he was also willing he should go away sober. The most unequivocal witness against poor Freele, however, was an empty bottle found in his pocket.—3 months.

Running through the regular gammut.—Lemuel Clark, of the Tremont Orchestra, called John Charlton, the elder, ditto ditto, a “humbug;” whereupon John Charlton, the younger, also ditto ditto, struck Clark one notch on his soul-case, with his fist; thereupon Clark replied—“I'm perfectly satisfied—that is what I wanted, and I'll fix you, young gentleman!” and therefore he caused Charlton to be arrested for drumming on him, and Charlton, unexpectedly confessed the fact, wherefore the Court fined him \$3.00 and costs—total \$7.24.

A second trial to elect County and Special Commissioners was held in Barnstable County on Monday last, which resulted in the election of the entire Democratic Ticket. Messrs Jesse Boyden, Alexander Baxter, and Michael Collins, for Commissioners, and Jonathan Nickerson and Nathaniel Hinckley, as Special Commissioners.

The Charlestown River Bathing House, at Charlestown Old Bridge, under the superintendence of Mr Carver, is in excellent order, and warm or cold baths may be obtained there in all their perfection, at a moment's notice. The luxury is too generally appreciated to need any recommendation.

FRANKLIN TYPOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY.—A meeting of the F. T. S. will be held this Evening, at 6 o'clock, at Election Hall, Franklin Avenue. A. MUDGE, Sec'y.

MARRIED.

In this city, on Saturday last, by Rev Mr Fillemore, Reuben Roberts to Jane Litch.
 On Thursday evening, at King's Chapel, by Rev Mr Greenwood, Dr George H. Gay to Eliza Ann Clarke.
 On Thursday evening, by the Rev Mr Winslow, Sylvanus Fields Watrous to Elizabeth Richardson Sargent, both of this city.
 On Thursday evening, by the Rev Mr Worcester, James P. Whitney to Harriet N. Essenden, all of this city.
 On Monday evening last, by Rev Mr Himes, Thomas Brown to Ann Cloutman, all of this city.
 In Chelsea, Samuel R. Newhall to Olive M. Bates—Joshua H. Pratt to Mary S. Wait.
 In Manchester, on Wednesday evening, by Rev Mr Emerson, William S. Mallon of this city, to Hitty Ann Marshall, of Manchester.
 In Taunton, Rev James Breed to Miss Mary, daughter of Jesse Smith Esq.
 In New Bedford, on Tuesday, Capt Thomas Knowler, of Westminister, to Sally Estabrook, daughter of Nathan Estabrook Esq.

DIED.

In this city, yesterday, Mary E, youngest child of David Cummings, 19 months.
 In this city, 3d inst, Abigail B. Demerit, 8 months.
 On Saturday last, Mary Ann Wade, 8 months.
 In Albany, on Saturday evening last, Edward D, son of Rev Daniel Crosby, of Charlestown, 4 years.

IMPORTATIONS.

ST MARKS, EF—Brig Montilla—167 bales cotton—200 sides leather—150 ox hides.

SHIP-NEWS—1835.

PORT OF BOSTON—JUNE 4, 1835.

ARRIVED.

Brig Montilla, Bartlett, St Marks, EF, 18th ult. Left bark Euphrates, of Backport, for Liverpool Idg.
 Sci Fulcrum, Lunt, Newburyport.
 Sloop Express, Smith, Salem, 30th Gonaives.
 Ssh Free Trade, McGrath, Bangor.
 Below—A herm brig unknown.

CLEARED.

Ship Albree, Bangs, Liverpool; brig Africa, Ingersoll, Cronstadt; Georges, Snow, Pictou; Ariel, Pars, New York; ssha Abdon, Crouse, St John, NB; Despatch, Nickerson, Providence; Geo Washington, Whitney, Nantucket; Bonny Boat, Moore, Gardiner; sloop Washington, Wareham.

At Laguna 32 ds since, brig Adamant, hence, just ar.
 At Talcahuana 6th March, Active, Cloutman—had sailed day previous for Valparaiso and returned.

SPOKEN.

May 13, lat 43, lon 43, ship SAMSON, New York, for London

PORTLAND, June 3—cleared brig Baltimore, Hathaway, Matanzas

PROVIDENCE, June 4—ar Eliza Hand, Alexandria; Delight in Peace, Providence.

Cleared Enterprise, Clifford, Havana.

NEW YORK, June 3—ar Betty, Doeham, Newport, Wales, 47; Suez, Copeland, Pernambuco May 7; Elba, Edmunds, Laguna 31; Lafayette, Snow, Gonaives.

Cleared Marcella, Sylvestre, Marseilles; Marcella, Sylvestre, Marseilles; Elvira, Day, Cadiz; Reeside, Mayo; Jasper, Howes, and Glide, Linnell, Boston.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2—ar Warrior, Miller, Boston.

Cleared Fox, Bowdoinham, Portland; Zephyr, Kendrick; William, Barce, and Factor, Spurling, Boston.

BALTIMORE, June 2—ar Caroline, Clifford, Boston.

Cleared Herald, Buff, Bremen; ssha James Busick, Busick, West Indies.

ALEXANDRIA June 1—ar Philip Doddridge, McKenzie, P Rico.

PAINTS, &c.—1000 lbs Paris Green—2000 do French do—5 casks Verdigris—300 lbs Prussian Blue, No 1 and 2—600 lbs Chrome Green—2000 lbs do Yellow—10 casks Vermilion—10 tons dry and ground White Lead—25 bbls Linseed Oil—with a large assortment of Drugs and Dye Stuffs. For sale low by F. S. & N. CARRUTH, No 4 Long wharf. m30 Sawtwh

THIS IS THE LAST DAY

OF THE PRESENT VIEW at the

DIORAMA,

Open from 7 in the morning.

FRANKLIN HOUSE.

The subscriber, recently from the Washington Hotel, Lowell, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken that well known, spacious, central and pleasantly situated house called the Franklin House, Merchants Row, Boston, where he will take pleasure in making those comfortable who may call upon him. The improvement recently made to the house will add much to the comfort of visitors.

DANIEL MIXER.

HALE & COMPANY, Publishers, Booksellers and Stationers, WEST BRADFORD, Mass. have now in press and will publish in a short time, the following New Works—

Familiar Conversations on the Constitution of the U. States. Many Things upon Money Matters.

The Treasury of Religious Knowledge, in monthly numbers, at \$1.50 per annum.

Biography of the Savior and his Apostles, with a portrait of each.

Country Life, or Sketches of American Character, by Mrs Sarah J. Hale.

Alcey's Merry's English Reader.

H. & CO. also offer to the public a large assortment of Miscellaneous and School Books, with a variety of Stationery and Fancy Articles, upon the most reasonable terms. Orders respectfully solicited.

Printing and Bookbinding neatly and promptly executed upon the most reasonable terms.

West Bradford, June 6, 1835. if

NOTICE.—The meeting of the Stockholders of the New England India Rubber Company, stands further adjourned to Monday, June 29, to meet at the Old Province House in Boston, at 6 o'clock, P. M.

WM BUTTERS, Clerk.

A CARD.—The undersigned in passing through the streets, on Thursday, lost from his pocket a roll containing one hundred and forty-seven dollars in bank notes, which was found and returned to him by JOEL POWARS, of Long Wharf. He takes this method of returning to Mr. POWARS, his grateful acknowledgments.

EMERY FEEBLE, of Maine.

BLACKSMITHS.—Three or four Blacksmiths are wanted at the Watertown Arsenal. ep2w m3

ATHENEUM GALLERY.—The Ninth Annual Exhibition of Pictures in the Athenaeum Gallery will be opened THIS DAY, the 26th of May, at 7 o'clock, A. M.

T. W. WARD, } Committee.
 T. G. GARY, }
 THOS G. APPLETON, }
 JOHN BRYANT, Jr. }

may 26 if

ASA GILSON, would respectfully inform his former patrons and the public, that he has relinquished business at his late place, and taken the commodious stable No 18 Blossom St. (formerly occupied by Mr Oliver Davis,) where he will continue to keep horses at livery and harness, chaises and carriages for letting as usual. Particular attention will be paid to his customers, and every exertion used to give satisfaction.

STThist 7 July 2

FOREIGN BOOKS.—A good collection of books in various Foreign Languages, may be found at the store of the subscriber, No 18 Court street. S. BURDETT.

KENTUCKY TOBACCO, &c—350 bales Kentucky Tobacco, a prime article for shipping—30 zernons Havana do, various qualities—for sale by JOHN CLARK, Jr, No 30 Long wharf. ep1st0t m13

FLOOR MATTING.—800 pieces Straw Matting—widths 4-4 and 6-4—of extra quality, just received from Canton per Aurelius—for sale by JOHN BROWN & CO, 19 Commercial wharf. ep1st2w m23

FOR SALE.—A six horse power Steam Engine with two boilers, and a blowing cylinder attached. Will be sold with or without the blowing cylinder at a very low price. For further information apply to G. G. DARRAGOTT, Jr, at the Marine Railway. 3w1st m23

NOTICE.—The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed to his new establishment, at East Boston, where he will continue the Packing and Inspecting of Mackerel and all kinds of Fish and Pickled Fish, and also the Coopering business. Having good accommodations for those employed in the Fishing business, he hopes to share in their patronage.

Mackerel of all qualities constantly for sale by the subscriber. Also, 40 nests of Molasses Casks, at No 73 Commercial street. 3w1st m23

MOSES MILLER.

NOTICE.—East Florida Rail Road Company. Subscriptions to the East Florida Rail Road Company will close on the first day of May to the fifth day of June, to be received at the Counting Room of Samuel S. Lewis, No 1, Commercial Wharf from 11 o'clock, A. M. to 1 o'clock, P. M. pursuant to the provisions contained in the Act of Incorporation.

SAM. S. LEWIS, } Commissioners.
 JOHN HENSHAW, }
 DAVID HENSHAW, }
 STEPHEN WHITE, }

m23—Stawis

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Roxbury India Rubber Factory will be held at the Exchange Coffee House, on Monday, 8th June, at 10 o'clock, P. M. to consider the acceptance of the additional charter granted at the last session of the General Court; to increase their capital stock, and to see if any alterations are necessary in the By Laws. Per order, S. A. QUINCY, Clerk.

m23—Stawis

LANDS IN ROXBURY.—For sale, House and Garden lots on very liberal terms. They are situated near the Rev Mr Putnam's Meeting House, and are known by the name of the “Porter Purchase”—between 20 and thirty acres have been laid out into lots from 5,000 to 20,000 feet, suitable for buildings of any class and surpassed by none in the vicinity of Boston for beauty of prospect, healthy air, excellent water and every convenience in relation to Churches, Schools, Market, Hourly Convoies, &c. The roads are laying out, one of which reaches from Delham Turnpike to Centre street, and presents a great variety of pleasing position. Any person wishing to select Cottage and Garden lots, at reasonable prices, will have an opportunity to do so any time previous to the 6th June, when those not taken up will be sold at auction.

For further particulars, and terms to suit, apply to either of the subscribers.

JONA. DORR, }
 ALVAH KITTRIDGE, }
 NATHL. DORR, }
 PETER WAINWRIGHT, }

m27—3aw2wis

COMMERCIAL EDUCATION.

B. F. FOSTER, ACCOUNTANT, 116 Washington St., continues to give Lessons in **WRITING and BOOK-KEEPING**, upon the most improved plans.

BOSTON AND HARTFORD PACKETS.
The Regular Line of Packets between
the above cities, will consist of the
following vessels:
Schooner ANN, - - - Captain Flower,
" CHINA, - - - " Churchill,
" LADY, - - - " Miller,
" MARY, - - - " Hall,
" EDITH, - - - " Goodspeed.
These vessels are of the first class, and built expressly for
the trade. The captains have been long engaged in the busi-
ness, and are experienced pilots. Every exertion will be made
to ensure quick sailing, and to render the voyage comfortable.
A steamer will be sent after the 10th March, one vessel shall sail every
Wednesday, from the head of Central wharf, south side, and one
from Hartford every Wednesday. For terms of freight apply
to JOSHUA SEARS, No. 14 Long wharf, HARTFORD, or
ELLIS, No. 2 Central wharf, or Captain, on board, head
of wharf, south side, and in Hartford to THOMAS K. BRUCE
& CO.

PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT.
FOR PORTSMOUTH, DOVER AND GREAT
FALLS, N.H. AND SOUTH BERWICK, Maine.
Fare to Portsmouth, \$2.00
" Dover, 2.25
" Great Falls and
South Berwick, 2.25
Cape J. L. CLEVERLY.
Will leave the T. wharf, Boston, every Monday, Wednesday
and Friday morning, at 7 o'clock, for Portsmouth, Dover and
Great Falls, N. H. and South Berwick, Me.
Stages will be in readiness at Portsmouth, to take passengers
to the above places. Seats in the stages may be secured
on board the boat, and at the Dover Hotel.
Returning will leave Portsmouth every Tuesday, Thursday
and Saturday morning, at 7 o'clock.
Stages will leave the above places for Portsmouth, in time
to meet the boat.
Arrangements have been made with a Line of Packets to
carry Freight to and from Dover, each trip.
For freight of passengers, goods, mail, or to EDWARD
WRIGHT JR., T. wharf, or I. W. GOODRICH, 58 Washington
street.

A. GILBERT, HAIR DRESSER, from Paris, No. 250
Washington street, returns his thanks to the Ladies and
Gentlemen of Boston and its vicinity for their kind patronage,
and respectfully informs them that he has just received per
ship Utica from Paris, in addition to his former stock, an ex-
tensive assortment of the latest fashions, Hairs of Ladies,
Hairs of Gentlemen, of the most fashionable patterns, Ringlets, Friz-
zles, Curls, Puffs &c. &c.
Also, the best materials for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs
and Top-pieces, which will be found ready made, or made to
order in the best manner, and warranted good to fit and
keep.
A fresh assortment of Perfumery, to which is added A. Gil-
bert's Powder for Coloring the Hair. A few boxes of French
Flowers. Old bunches dressed over.
Gentlemen Dealers are invited to call and examine the
above mentioned articles, which will be sold at the lowest
prices.

LIGHTNING CONDUCTORS.
DR KING informs his friends and the public that he continues
to perfect and add to his improved Lightning
Conductors. They are approved by all practical and well
informed Electricians, as affording superior protection against
lightning to the old form. Gentlemen in want of Lightning
conductors are invited to call at his rooms, No. 54 Cornhill
Boston, where they may be seen and to be had, or applied
to. He has also, by illustration, where also may be had, Flat
and Cylinder Electrical Machines, Galvanic Batteries and their
apparatus—all warranted of the best workmanship, and superior
power. Prices reasonable, for cash or approved credit.
my4

BOSTON TRUSS MANUFACTORY.—J. W.
PHELPS, successor to BEATH & FOSTER, would in-
form the public that he has taken the manufacture of the dif-
ferent kinds of Trusses made by Messrs Beath & Foster, with
improvements on the same. Having had occasion during the
past season for applying many of these instruments to some of
the most difficult and intricate cases of Hernia, the undersigned
feels confident that he can make a truss, if applied
to by him, will pass without receiving the most satisfactory
relief. As the safety and comfort of the ruptured patient
greatly depends upon the adaptation of a truss to the particu-
lar rupture it is intended to support, it necessarily follows
that much care should be taken in selecting such a truss as
is suited to the particular case. To obviate the frequent com-
plaints made of the inefficiency of trusses, the undersigned
keeps for sale an extensive assortment of the best quality, and
fitted up with peculiar care.
Among the greatest varieties of trusses, made and kept on hand,
are—patient elastic spring trusses with spring pads—improved
hinge and pivot do in ball and socket joints—umbilical prola-
pses and suspensory trusses—Hull's double and single do—
Philadelphia India rubber truss—Batesman's, Marshall's,
and Saker's do—children's apical spring truss, N. Y.—children's
trusses of every description—knee caps and back boards—
made and kept constantly on hand. Trusses adapted to the
South American and West India markets made and sold by
the quantity on reasonable terms. Machines made for remedy-
ing the most chronic cases, such as drops, cancer, and other
troubles. Surgeon's instruments made to order and repaired—
lanterns ground, polished and made equal to new.
All orders from the country promptly attended to.
The undersigned has engaged Mr. Foster in the above es-
tablishment, which will be in readiness to receive orders at
308 Washington street, 2 doors north of the Lafayette Hotel.
J. W. PHELPS.
Ladies wishing for either trusses, Grecian belts, or
knee caps, can be attended by Mrs. Beath at her residence, 585
Washington street, opposite Pine street Church.

SEX DYE HOUSE.—JOHN G. BITTNER, SIK,
Cotton, Linen and Woolen Dyer, would inform his friends
and the public generally of Boston, Lynn and Salem, that he
has taken a stand in Concord street, where he can give un-
derstanded and experienced advice in the dyeing of all
kinds of goods. The following articles, viz:—
broadcloths—cassimeres—suits—linings—crapes—silk and
cotton velvets—worsted cords—camel's hair shawls—hosiery
and gloves—plush—ribbons &c.—also, lace veils—leg-horn
and straw bonnets—ostrich and other leathers. Ladies and gen-
tlemen's woollen garments, such as dresses, coats, and
rock coats—suits—vests and pantaloons—ladies' habits—
cloaks &c., dyed and pressed, so as to appear like new, without
being ripped.
J. G. B. would give further notice, that he cleanses and fin-
ishes ladies' and gentlemen's clothing, and repairs and
without ripping, in a style heretofore unknown to the public
also, military garments, that are spoiled by sweat or gunpow-
der, can be restored to their original color, without injury to
the cloth. Merino and Cassimere Shaws cleaned without
injury to the borders—suits dyed in the best manner.
All articles left at the Dye House, or with JOHN REED,
Salem—JOHN BOWLER, Lynn—Wm. TROUP, No. 50 Han-
over street, Boston, will receive prompt attention, and will be
returned in fourteen days from the time they are left.
J. G. B. having had upwards of 20 years experience in the
dyeing business, is confident that he can give undoubted satis-
faction. Those that favor him with their custom may depend
upon having their work done with despatch, in the best pos-
sible manner, and on the most reasonable terms. He asks a
share of that patronage which he is determined to merit.
my18

MASSACHUSETTS BOTANIC INFIRMARY.
—Dr. Thompson, Hospital—for the reception of the
sick and lame, is situated on the corner of the
corner of the city, No. 504 Washington st., with a view of the
Harbour, its shipping and Islands on the East. The Infirmary
has been additionally fitted up in a style not surpassed by any
other in the State for convenience and comfort. The Rooms
are spacious and airy, the Prospect on the East and West very
pleasant. The whole establishment will be under the personal
care of Dr. J. B. Brown, formerly of the Tremont Infirmary,
and for some years past Botanic Physician in the city, during
which time he attended or prescribed for upwards of thousands
of patients, to whom Patients can be referred for further infor-
mation.
P. D. BADGER, a Proprietor, who has had considerable ac-
quaintance with the system, will superintend the male depart-
ment, together with other faithful and experienced assistants.
The female department will be under the immediate superin-
tendence of Mrs. Brown, as formerly, as listed by Mrs. Badger,
who has for a considerable time been in the Massachusetts
General Hospital, and pronounced by Dr. Warren the best
nurse he ever had. But from seeing the good effects of the
Vegetable medicine in restoring a child given up for dead, he
for several years past had considerable experience in the
Thomsonian system of practice.
The subscribers pledge themselves that nothing shall be
wasting on their part to make all who may favor them with a
call, both comfortable and as perfectly satisfied.
For price with list of medicines, to be paid in ad-
vance, with fifty per cent discount, to such as are ready ob-
jects of charity.
All charges for attendance will be refunded when the medicine
does not appear to be recommended.
For sale at wholesale and retail, at fair prices.
J. A. BROWN,
P. D. BADGER.

CAMBRIDGE PAPER-HANGING MANI-
FACTORY.—HENRY PEARSON would inform his
friends and the public generally, that he continues the manu-
facture of Paper Hangings, in all its various branches, and has
connected with his establishment a large stock of Paper Hang-
ings, can furnish Paper Hangings as low as can be bought at
any other establishment.
Country trades will do well to call, as they will find papers
of every description at the lowest prices.
Connected with the above establishment may be found a
good assortment of Hardware and Fancy Goods—at wholesale
or retail.
ep3m my18

NOTICE.—The subscriber having leisure time will attend
to executing writing of all descriptions. All
appertaining to common business transactions will be exe-
cuted with neatness and despatch, and on moderate terms.
French and Spanish translated with accuracy.
J. A. S. SLOWACKI, 25 Exchange st.

HOUSES AND FARMS ADVERTISED. Sold, and Let,
my30

BRATTLE SQUARE.
U. J. CLARK,
Brattle square.

MAN'S GREATEST AND BEST EARLY
TREASURE—HEALTH PRESERVED—OR LOST.
RESTORED—SEARS' AMERICAN HYGIENE VEGET-
ABLE RENOVATING PILLS, are now offered, for
the benefit of the public, by the Author, under an honest pre-
sentation of the certificates of their efficacy, and the
references and testimonials respecting his own reputation and
character, will secure for them public confidence. They have
been the result of much research and experiment, occasionally
unusual sufferings from dyspepsia and a diseased liver for 30
years. During a considerable part of this period, he was unable
to do an object of anxious solicitude, to discover some prepa-
ration of medicine better calculated to relieve me of my suffer-
ings, than any I had heretofore used. And after many experi-
ments in Materia Medica, and among the vegetables of our
country, I have succeeded in preparing a medicine, purely and
entirely vegetable, which does in an eminent degree, answer
that important and desirable object. Their effect is to excite
and sustain a natural peristaltic action in the stomach and in
testines, and to produce a discharge from them of all the morbid
and bilious matter which they contain; and also to remove
all morbid humors, and restore the natural secretions of the
liver. Hence they are peculiarly efficacious in curing
all diseases, originating from a disordered state of the
stomach and bowels, such as Indigestion, Costiveness, Bilious
Cholera, Nervous and Sick Headache, Hypochondria, Yellow
and Black Jaundice, Cholera Morbus, Catarrhs of the Liver,
Erysipelas, Heartburn, Sourness of Stomach, and General Debility.
Their efficacy has been fairly and abundantly tested by my
own experience and that of many others. They may, with per-
fect safety, be taken by both sexes, of all ages, in cases of indig-
estion, and they are peculiarly efficacious in liver complaints.
In offering them to the public, I pledge my own reputation and
character, that a perfect trial of their effects will satisfy them of
their superior efficacy. In regard to my reputation and charac-
ter, I have permission to refer to the Right Rev Bishop On-
derdonk and the Rev Dr. Spring, of New York, and to the
Hon. John W. Taylor, and the Hon. Judge S. Young, of Ballston Spa,
whose characters are well known to the public.
I certify that I have been well acquainted with William
Sears, now of the village of Ballston Spa, for more than thirty
years. He has been my friend and confidant, and I have known
his character for truth and general integrity stands high. Indeed
I have never heard it impeached.
JOHN W. TAYLOR.
Ballston Spa, Oct. 6th, 1834.
I have known Mr. William Sears for more than thirty
years, and he has resided most of that time in the same town with
him, and during that period he has sustained a character with
out reproach.
S. YOUNG.
Oct. 9, 1834.
Extract from a certificate of Mr. James Comstock, editor of
the Ballston Spa Gazette: "For several years past Mr. Com-
stock has been afflicted with an unusually obstinate dyspepsia,
attended with a great degree of acidity of the stomach, and
redundancy of bile. For several months past he has taken
Sears' A. H. V. Renovating Pills, and has experienced more
benefit from them than he has ever received from any medi-
cine. I can with confidence recommend them to the public."
JAS. COMSTOCK.
Extract from a certificate of Mrs. Powell, wife of the Hon.
Judge Powell, of Saratoga county: "For many years I have
been afflicted with a chronic complaint of the liver, which
has frequently been attended with a pain in my side,
sovereign to confine me. About three months since I com-
menced taking Sears' A. H. V. Renovating Pills, which have
greatly relieved me, and rendered unnecessary the use of any
other medicine. I can with confidence recommend them to
them to all who are afflicted as I have been, with a liver com-
plaint.
ANN POWELL.
Milton, Oct. 3, 1834.
For sale by Messrs HENSHAW & CO., Druggists, Boston,
where circulars giving a more general description of them, will
be distributed, gratis.
2wly

VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM. is the
most valuable remedy now in use for coughs, colds, asthma
or phlegm, whooping cough and pulmonary consumption of
every kind. Its sale is steadily increasing and the proprietors
are constantly receiving the most favorable account of its ef-
fects. The following new certificates are offered for public
examination.
From Dr. Samuel Morrill to the Proprietors of the Vegetable
Pulmonary Balsam.
I am satisfied that the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam is a
valuable medicine. It has been used in this place with com-
plete success in an obstinate complaint of the lungs, attended
with a severe cough, and a great deal of phlegm, and a
blood, which had previously resisted every other remedy.
After using the Balsam one week, the patient's voice
returned, and he was enabled to speak audibly. This case
occurred some time since, and the man is now engaged not only
in his usual business, but is able to perform his usual labors.
Respectfully yours &c., SAMUEL MORRILL, M. D.
Concord, N. H. Jan. 30, 1832.
From Mr. Samuel Everett.
In October 1830, I was attacked with a cough accompanied
with a severe pain in the side, and a difficulty of breathing. I
resorted to several remedies but without effect. In January
1831, I was attended by a skillful physician, and subsequently
received the advice of several others—but the disease steadily
increased; the cough was incessant, attended with a bloody
and offensive expectoration; my flesh was wasted, my feet
swollen and my strength extremely reduced. In April, when I
seemed utterly hopeless—I was told by my physicians that
medicine could be of no further service to me, and it was not
expected by any of my friends that I could survive a month.
In this situation my daughter procured a bottle of the Vegeta-
ble Pulmonary Balsam, which she had been highly recom-
mended for similar complaints, and prevailed on me to make
trial of it. Its use was attended with the most unexpected and
happy result. It gave me immediate relief and one bottle ef-
fectually cured me. I have since been free from pain in the side and
cough, except in the case of common colds.
Boston, March 1, 1832. SAMUEL EVERETT.
Particular Caution. Each genuine bottle is enclosed in a
blue wrapper, on which is a yellow label signed SAMUEL
REED. None other can be genuine. The great celebrity
of the genuine V. P. Balsam has been the cause of attempts to
introduce spurious articles, which by partially assuming the
name of the genuine, are calculated to mislead the public.
Among these spurious mixtures are the American Pulmonary
Balsam, V. P. Balsam, and the Balsam of the Proprietors.
Chasers should inquire for the true article, and be satisfied
and see that it has the marks and signature of the genuine.
Sold by LOWE & REED, 24 Merchants' Row, and by druggists,
generally. Price 50 cts.
2w-19

TO INVALIDS.—DR. RICHARDSON, of South Read-
ing, Mass. (in compliance with the solicitations of his nu-
merous friends) has consented to offer the public his celebra-
ted Vegetable Bitters and Pills, which he has used in his exten-
sive practice in Boston and its vicinity, for more than thirty
years. The unexampled celebrity which these articles have ob-
tained will preclude the necessity of all eulogy with regard to their
merit.
No. 1, are recommended to Invalids of either sex, afflicted
with any of the following complaints: Dyspepsia, Sinking
Faintness, Sensation of Cold, Fullness of Stomach, Flatulency,
Stomach, Eructation, Irregular Appetite, Dizziness or Head-
ache, Palpitation of the Heart, Wandering Pains, Flatulency
and Bilious Complaints. They operate by imparting strength
and vigor to the whole system.
No. 2, are designed for the cure of that class of inveterate dis-
eases which arise from an impure state of the Blood, and ex-
hibit themselves in the form of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Leprosy,
St. Anthony's Fire, Scald Head in children, and other cuta-
neous diseases. It is an excellent remedy for females afflicted
with a sore mouth while nursing.
Plain and practical directions accompany the above Vegeta-
ble Medicines, and they may be taken without hindrance of
business or amusement, with the common restraints of mod-
eration and regularity in diet.
Observe that none are genuine without the written signa-
ture of N. RICHARDSON & SON, on the outside printed
wrapper.
For sale wholesale and retail by J. P. Hall Jr., Union corner
of Elm st, Boston—S. Kidder & Co. E. Crafts Jr., Charle-
stown—Luther Angier, Medford—J. A. Stevens, East Cambridge
—J. P. Merriam, Lexington—J. Russell, West Cambridge—
W. M. L. Bunker, Cambridge—C. W. Wright, Cambridge—
W. C. Warren, Brighton—J. Bond, Waltham—J. Fowler, W-
burn—J. Kidder Jr., Watertown—G. B. Wardwell, Roxbury—
J. Caldwell, South Boston—E. Hayden, Quincy—A. Webb,
Weymouth—A. Aldrich, Randolph—E. T. Baker, Canton—J.
Hammond, R. Gleason, Dorchester. 2w3w-127

SOUTH END BOOK STORE.—JAMES B. DOW,
Bookseller, Stationer and Dealer in Fancy Goods, No. 362
Washington street, Boston, (Sign of the Large Book, near the
Boylston Market).
The public are respectfully informed that they will always
find at the above store, a complete assortment of articles usu-
ally kept in this line of business, of the best quality, and at the
lowest prices. Among which are—
BIBLES—COMMON PRAYER BOOKS—do—Hymn Books, do.
All kinds—Common Prayer Books—do—Hymn Books, do.
Also, Miscellaneous, Juvenile and Toy Books. New Works
received as soon as published, and any book which he may
not have on hand, will be furnished at short notice.
BANK BOOKS & PAPER, of every size and description,
made of the best quality of paper—Memo Books, do.
Books of all kinds—Writing, Letter and Bill Paper of all
qualities—Ruled Paper for bills, water lined—Wrapping Paper.
STATIONERY—Quills, Waters, Sealing Wax, Ink (black
and red), Sand, Indistinct, Sandboxes, Letter Stamps, &c., &c.
VARNISH—Gold and Silver—Paints—Brushes—Gold Pens—
Brushes—Gold Paper—Bristol Board—Drawing Paper—
Pencils—Drawing Pencils—India Rubber, &c.
CUTLERY—Rodgers' Superior Penknives—Razors—Scis-
sors—Shears, &c.—low and high priced.
FANCY GOODS—A selected assortment of Fancy Goods,
among which are: Boxes—Packets—Books—Lithographs—
Gambon Boxes—Bottleholders—Cologne and Lavender—Al-
bans—Silver Pencil Cases of every description—Tooth Brushes
—Lucifer Matches—Pocket Lights—Ivory and other Folders—
Chequer men—Fancy and Tissue Paper—Gold Paper—Games,
&c., &c.
Also—The Annals, and a great variety of Books and Fancy
articles—suitable for New Year's Presents.
Orders for PRINTING and BINDING executed in the neat-
est manner, and at short notice. ep2w-2wly-425

DOLLARD'S TAILORS' CHALK.—An article
well adapted to drawing lines on stuffs, of every light
or dark colors making a very delicate mark—easily erased,
leaving no blemish whatever, and will not be glazed by
use.
The above article having come into general use by the trade,
needs nothing more than trial to convince any one of its per-
fect adaptation to its intended use.
Constantly for sale by the sole agent of the manufacturer,
NATHANIEL P. SNELLING, No. 10 Congress st, Boston—to whom
all orders, if paid, may be addressed.
5000 boxes of the above article, in perfect order, ready for
delivery. Boston, Nov. 19, 1834.

ENTIRE NEW MENAGERIE.
Messrs. MACMURDO, WELCH
& CO. respectfully inform the
public that their large collec-
tion of menagerie animals, from
the wilds of Asia and Africa, will be opened
for a short time in Union, near
Hanover street, on Monday,
June 1st.
The Menagerie embraces up-
wards of seventy extraordinary
specimens of Natural History,
including a mammoth Rhinoc-
eros, a lion from the Government
Gardens at Cape Town, the Java or
Hindoo Bear (a great curiosity),
and several remarkable animals
never before seen in this country,
together with all the variety
of Elephants, Tigers, Leopards,
Hyenas, Zebras, Ostriches,
Vultures, Porcupines, Jackals,
Cranes &c., that are usually
found in an exhibition of this character.
Hours of exhibition from 9 A.M. to 1 P.M.—from 3 to 6 P.M.—
and from 7 to 9 in the evening.
Admission 25 cents—children under 10 years of age, half
price.
If

OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH.
—D. O. HARRISON, D.D.S., has taken Rooms No. 220
Washington street, where he will be happy at all times to at-
tend to any operations in Dental Surgery. He will devote his
special attention to the insertion of mineral or incorruptible
teeth. His prices for setting mineral teeth are as follows:
For setting on gold plate, \$5 to \$10.
For setting on the fang, \$3 to \$5.
my5

CLOTHING.
AN ASSORTMENT OF THICK AND THIN
CLOTHING will be sold low for cash, at 35 Merchants'
Row, and at 30 Elm st, corner of Brattle square. If my26

ADAM'S PATENT SWELLED BEAM BED-STEAD
FACTORY, 422 Washington street, Boston, a
few doors south of Boylston Market, on the opposite side.
The swelled beam effectively prevents the sacking
from sagging, and does not increase the expense.
Orders promptly attended to and carefully packed for ex-
portation. If-my8

READY MADE CLOTHING SELLING OFF
AT BARTON'S. A large lot of three thousand dollars
worth of Clothing is now selling at twenty per cent below the
usual prices, at BARTON'S, No. 27 Brattle street.
The public are respectfully invited to call and examine the
above fashionable and modern made Garments, which are of
first rate workmanship, and warranted in every particular, and
have all been made within the last four months. The Gar-
ments will be marked with the prices they can be sold for, and
no abatement made.
G. E. Barton considers this method of marking the Garments
at the shortest and best way to sell for highly advantageous to him-
self and the purchaser. Sales can be made much quicker, and
an exorbitant price not asked with a view to get a moderate
one.
G. E. Barton has found the former practice a very hurtful
one, as the person who would pay a liberal price, invariably
pays an extravagant one—and they who are grinding generally
get the goods at a trifle above the cost, on account of dis-
like to lose a customer.
The public will please remember that the price of each Gar-
ment will be attached to it, and no abatement made.
m20-11 BARTON'S Clothing Store, 27 Brattle st.

NATHANIEL P. SNELLING respectfully gives
notice to his friends and the public generally, that he is now
prepared to execute any orders in the line of his profession at
the shortest notice, and in the most perfect manner, and in a
having made extensive alterations by the addition of the most
adjoining, and other improvements, which will enable him to
conduct a general Tailoring Establishment on the most exten-
sive scale, and by strict attention to his calling, at least to
make a share of public patronage. Having made arrangements
with Messrs. Taylor, in New York, and Philadelphia, to re-
ceive immediately on arrival the London Fashions, which
will enable gentlemen to furnish themselves in the first style,
and sooner than can be procured in any other establishment
in this city.
N. P. S. has just received from New York a splendid assort-
ment of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Fancy Vesting. Gentlemen
are requested to call and examine for themselves, particularly
some splendid Cloths and London Quiltings.
N. P. S. continues the agency of Tailors' Chalk, an article
well known to the trade as being well adapted to drawing
lines on stuffs, and is easily erased.
Also, a large assortment of Tape Measures, some of them a
first rate article, which is much wanted by the trade in gen-
eral.
Orders for any of the above will be promptly attended
to, addressed to NATHANIEL P. SNELLING,
Nos 10 & 12 Congress street, Boston.

COPARTNERSHIP FORMED.—The subscribers
do hereby enter into a copartnership under the firm of W.
ING BUSHNELL, for the purpose of carrying on the Tailor-
ing business in New York, and Philadelphia. They will devote
their whole time to the above business, and hope by their strict
attention and exertion to please the public, and merit re-
ceive a liberal share of its patronage.
Cutting done at the shortest notice and in the most
satisfactory style.
They also have a new and improved Rule of Cutting, which
they will warrant to fit all forms, and will teach the same to
the satisfaction of any person who may apply, at the low price
of \$20.
Boston, Feb. 21, 1835. If W. WISWELL,
N. P. S. and Co. Coat makers—none but the first rate
workmen need apply. Inquire as above. a23

BOYS' CLOTHES, LATEST LONDON PATTERNS.
JOHN WILSON & SON, 24 Court street, would invite
the attention of the Ladies to some splendid striped Boys'
Clothes, which they have just received from London, con-
sisting of Jackets, Tunics, Frocks, Pantaloons and Vests—
These will be sold low, or others made after the same style.
They would also inform the ladies that they are always re-
ceiving goods suitable for Boys' Clothing, directly from Lon-
don and New York, which they will sell without making up.
They would further add that they now have this business
under such regulations that they can afford these articles at
lower prices than they can be purchased in New York, and
equally as cheap as they can have them made in their own
laundries. a21

INDUSTRIAL WRITING INK.—This
ink is now used in all the offices of the General Govern-
ment in Washington, and in the principal Banks and public
institutions throughout a large part of the country. For sale
at the Counting Room of the Post. m22

THE ONLY TRUE AND GENUINE.—Dr
WILLIAM JUDKINS' SPECIFIC OINTMENT.
FOR THE CURE OF
White Swellings, Sore Legs and Ulcers, Glandular Tumors,
Piles, Rheumatic Pains, Sprains and Bruises, Burns, and
Scalds, Inflammation in Women's Breasts, Glandular Swell-
ings, old and fresh Wounds, Chilblains, Tetters, Piles, Ring-
worms, Eruptions of long standing and Sore Eyes.
Prepared only by JAMES S. GLASCOW, Cincinnati, who is
duly authorized by Dr. Judkins, as will appear on the bill of
directions.
From the Hon J. Taliaferro, member of Congress and member
of the late convention.
Richmond, 9th Nov 1833.
Sir—It has been my wish for a considerable time, to com-
municate the good effect with which I have used your "Patent
Specific Ointment," I have applied this ointment during the
last four years, to every species of tumor and wound without
failure to produce a cure in every instance. I consider it the
most decided and efficacious remedy in all cases of tumor, be-
cause what it may, and I have found nothing so good for
wounds of any description. It may be proper to add that the
wound and White Swelling, given over by the most
distinguished physicians as incurable, and which they decided
would, without amputation, prove fatal to the patient, was,
under my immediate notice, effected by the use of your ointment,
and the patient is in fine health, his limb affected by the
tumor, being restored to a perfect state of soundness. Also,
that the tumor, a large one of 80 years old, which had been
wounded, and exhibited one dreadfully ulcerated surface from
knee to foot, and which for more than two years had been
considered incurable, was effectually cured by the application
of this ointment. I mention these two cases with full detail
in this certificate, as a recommendation, and as a proof of the
efficacy of this remedy in cases of tumor and of ulcers. I
have experienced as decidedly the good effect of this remedy
in the cure of felons and every species of fresh wound.
In view of the above cases I may be proper to state what
I know of the effects as a remedy in all cases of cancerous
tumors. A most violent and incurable cancer of the breast
occurred in a servant of my own. It had baffled the most skill-
ful medical treatment, but was subdued by Judkins' ointment.
Dr Wm Judkins. JOHN TALIAFERRO.

OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH.
—D. O. HARRISON, D.D.S., respectfully
informs his friends and the
public generally, that he is pre-
pared to attend to all branches
of DENTAL SURGERY, at his
place, corner of Hanover and
Courtland streets, Boston—viz:
Carious Teeth cleaned, filled,
and rendered equally useful as
before decayed.
In view of the above cases I may be proper to state what
I know of the effects as a remedy in all cases of cancerous
tumors. A most violent and incurable cancer of the breast
occurred in a servant of my own. It had baffled the most skill-
ful medical treatment, but was subdued by Judkins' ointment.
Dr Wm Judkins. JOHN TALIAFERRO.

LATEST PARIS FASHIONS.
Extract from a certificate of Mr. James Comstock, editor of
the Ballston Spa Gazette: "For several years past Mr. Com-
stock has been afflicted with an unusually obstinate dyspepsia,
attended with a great degree of acidity of the stomach, and
redundancy of bile. For several months past he has taken
Sears' A. H. V. Renovating Pills, and has experienced more
benefit from them than he has ever received from any medi-
cine. I can with confidence recommend them to the public."
JAS. COMSTOCK.
Extract from a certificate of Mrs. Powell, wife of the Hon.
Judge Powell, of Saratoga county: "For many years I have
been afflicted with a chronic complaint of the liver, which
has frequently been attended with a pain in my side,
sovereign to confine me. About three months since I com-
menced taking Sears' A. H. V. Renovating Pills, which have
greatly relieved me, and rendered unnecessary the use of any
other medicine. I can with confidence recommend them to
them to all who are afflicted as I have been, with a liver com-
plaint.
ANN POWELL.
Milton, Oct. 3, 1834.
For sale by Messrs HENSHAW & CO., Druggists, Boston,
where circulars giving a more general description of them, will
be distributed, gratis.
2wly

H. BAILEY respectfully invites his friends and custom-
ers to call at his store, No. 15 Court st, and examine his
LATEST PARIS FASHIONS, of CAPS, for gentlemen's and
youth's wear. They are made of the same material of the im-
proved Satin Beaver Hats, which will retain their shape, and
wear much longer than any other Caps ever before offered for
sale. 185-1850st a21

THE SUBSCRIBER most respectfully informs his
friends, and the public generally, that he has engaged
for a long time, and is now in the possession of a large stock
of the Tailoring business in all its branches.
Gentlemen patronizing his establishment, may depend upon
their garments being made in the best style, as he will give his
personal attention to the business. All favors will be prompt-
ly attended to and duly appreciated.
ALFRED A. LANE,
35 Merchants' Row, corner of Clinton st.

500 dozen Neck Stocks, Linen Bosoms and Collars—at the
New-England Stock Manufactory, sign of the Golden Ball, 35
Merchants' Row, and at the Branch Stock Factory, 30 Elm st,
corner of Brattle square. ep3t Feb 4, 1835.

OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH.—D. O. HARRISON, D.D.S., has taken Rooms No. 220
Washington street, where he will be happy at all times to at-
tend to any operations in Dental Surgery. He will devote his
special attention to the insertion of mineral or incorruptible
teeth. His prices for setting mineral teeth are as follows:
For setting on gold plate, \$5 to \$10.
For setting on the fang, \$3 to \$5.
my5

CLOTHING.
AN ASSORTMENT OF THICK AND THIN
CLOTHING will be sold low for cash, at 35 Merchants'
Row, and at 30 Elm st, corner of Brattle square. If my26

ADAM'S PATENT SWELLED BEAM BED-STEAD
FACTORY, 422 Washington street, Boston, a
few doors south of Boylston Market, on the opposite side.
The swelled beam effectively prevents the sacking
from sagging, and does not increase the expense.
Orders promptly attended to and carefully packed for ex-
portation. If-my8

READY MADE CLOTHING SELLING OFF
AT BARTON'S. A large lot of three thousand dollars
worth of Clothing is now selling at twenty per cent below the
usual prices, at BARTON'S, No. 27 Brattle street.
The public are respectfully invited to call and examine the
above fashionable and modern made Garments, which are of
first rate workmanship, and warranted in every particular, and
have all been made within the last four months. The Gar-
ments will be marked with the prices they can be sold for, and
no abatement made.
G. E. Barton considers this method of marking the Garments
at the shortest and best way to sell for highly advantageous to him-
self and the purchaser. Sales can be made much quicker, and
an exorbitant price not asked with a view to get a moderate
one.
G. E. Barton has found the former practice a very hurtful
one, as the person who would pay a liberal price, invariably
pays an extravagant one—and they who are grinding generally
get the goods at a trifle above the cost, on account of dis-
like to lose a customer.
The public will please remember that the price of each Gar-
ment will be attached to it, and no abatement made.
m20-11 BARTON'S Clothing Store, 27 Brattle st.

NATHANIEL P. SNELLING respectfully gives
notice to his friends and the public generally, that he is now
prepared to execute any orders in the line of his profession at
the shortest notice, and in the most perfect manner, and in a
having made extensive alterations by the addition of the most
adjoining, and other improvements, which will enable him to
conduct a general Tailoring Establishment on the most exten-
sive scale, and by strict attention to his calling, at least to
make a share of public patronage. Having made arrangements
with Messrs. Taylor, in New York, and Philadelphia, to re-
ceive immediately on arrival the London Fashions, which
will enable gentlemen to furnish themselves in the first style,
and sooner than can be procured in any other establishment
in this city.
N. P. S. has just received from New York a splendid assort-
ment of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Fancy Vesting. Gentlemen
are requested to call and examine for themselves, particularly
some splendid Cloths and London Quiltings.
N. P. S. continues the agency of Tailors' Chalk, an article
well known to the trade as being well adapted to drawing
lines on stuffs, and is easily erased.
Also, a large assortment of Tape Measures, some of them a
first rate article, which is much wanted by the trade in gen-
eral.
Orders for any of the above will be promptly attended
to, addressed to NATHANIEL P. SNELLING,
Nos 10 & 12 Congress street, Boston.

COPARTNERSHIP FORMED.—The subscribers
do hereby enter into a copartnership under the firm of W.
ING BUSHNELL, for the purpose of carrying on the Tailor-
ing business in New York, and Philadelphia. They will devote
their whole time to the above business, and hope by their strict
attention and exertion to please the public, and merit re-
ceive a liberal share of its patronage.
Cutting done at the shortest notice and in the most
satisfactory style.
They also have a new and improved Rule of Cutting, which
they will warrant to fit all forms, and will teach the same to
the satisfaction of any person who may apply, at the low price
of \$20.
Boston, Feb. 21, 1835. If W. WISWELL,
N. P. S. and Co. Coat makers—none but the first rate
workmen need apply. Inquire as above. a23

BOYS' CLOTHES, LATEST LONDON PATTERNS.
JOHN WILSON & SON, 24 Court street, would invite
the attention of the Ladies to some splendid striped Boys'
Clothes, which they have just received from London, con-
sisting of Jackets, Tunics, Frocks, Pantaloons and Vests—
These will be sold low, or others made after the same style.
They would also inform the ladies that they are always re-
ceiving goods suitable for Boys' Clothing, directly from Lon-
don and New York, which they will sell without making up.
They would further add that they now have this business
under such regulations that they can afford these articles at
lower prices than they can be purchased in New York, and
equally as cheap as they can have them made in their own
laundries. a21</